



Closing the Gaps

Report of the Commission on Climate Change and Development



Why a commission?

Lift adaptation up on agenda

Acknowledge that climate change is here

Focus on the poor

Secure the MDGs



Interlinked crises

Holistic approach and concerted action to

- promote green growth
- build the resilience of the poor
- manage risks



CCCD approach

Turn climate issue upside down – start local

Context specific

Country perspective:

Cambodia – river delta; Mali – landlocked/semi-arid; Bolivia – high altitude



The Trust Gap

- Recognition of polluter-pays principle
- Unfulfilled promises
 - 0.7% ODA target
 - completion of the Doha Round
- Call for transparent management of funds
- Value gaps



The Focus Gap

Focus on people

risks they manage

their adaptive strategies (diversification, mobility etc)

Enhance adaptive capacity

risk-centred development

local institutions

Governance Gap

- Gaps between sectors and gaps between levels
- 21st century institutions for 21st century challenges:
 - stakeholder-driven
 - move resources from global to local
 - value ecosystems
- Fix existing institutions before creating new ones

Subsidiarity Principle

- **Local**
Identify and execute
- **National**
Coordinate at highest level
Ensure safety nets
Provide enabling framework
Invest in met info, monitoring, warning systems
- **Regional**
Shared resources
Regional public goods
- **International**
Knowledge network
Scaled up disaster response
High level task force



Financial Gap

- Mobilization

- Meet the 0.7% ODA target*
 - Additional public money*
 - Market based mechanisms*

- Management

- Transparent and balanced governance*
 - Demand driven*
 - Disburse through existing agencies*
 - National funding hubs*

- Allocation

- Vulnerability driven*
 - National Adaptation Plan of Actions (NAPAs)*
 - Building resilience*
 - Accountability*



Two-Step Approach

- \$1-2 billion now!
- Financing mechanisms
 - politically feasible
 - equitable
 - respectful of common but differentiated responsibilities



Conclusions

Proposals must make sense along the Tonle Sap, in Bougoula, in Batallas...

Ultimate aim of climate negotiations should be to safeguard a sustainable development for all.

All resources must consider the rights, voice, and security of the most vulnerable.



For more

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